

## Current transducer GHS-SME series

### GHS 10-SME, GHS 12-SME, GHS 16-SME, GHS 20-SME

$$I_{PN} = 10 \dots 20 \text{ A}$$

For the electronic measurement of current: DC, AC, pulsed..., with galvanic separation between the primary and the secondary circuit.



RoHS



#### Features

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Multirange current transducer through PCB pattern lay-out
- Galvanic separation between primary and secondary circuit
- Insulated test voltage 2100 V rms
- Low power consumption
- Extremely low profile
- Single power supply +5 V
- Fixed offset & sensitivity.

#### Advantages

- Small size and space saving
- High immunity to external interference
- High insulation capability
- Low electrical resistance (0.8 mΩ)
- No magnetic hysteresis
- Robust against external fields and cross-talk.

#### Applications

- Motors control
- Over current detection
- The solar inverter on DC side of the inverter (MPTT)
- Combiner box
- Smart metering.

#### Standards

- IEC 60950-1: 2005
- EN 60749-15: 2010
- EN 60749-20: 2008
- EN 60749-21: 2011
- IPC/JEDEC J-STD020: 2014
- EIA/JEDEC J-STD022-B102: 2004
- EIA/JEDEC J-STD022-B106: 2008
- EIA/JEDEC J-STD022-A113: 2015.

#### Application Domains

- Industrial.

**Absolute ratings (not operating)**

| Parameter  | Symbol         | Unit | Min  | Typ | Max  | Conditions                        |
|--|----------------|------|------|-----|------|-----------------------------------|
| Maximum supply voltage                                     | $U_C$          | V    |      |     | 10   |                                   |
| Overload capability  | $\hat{I}_P$    | A    |      |     | ±200 | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ , 1 ms pulse |
| Electrostatic discharge voltage (HMB-Human Body Model)     | $U_{ESD\ HBM}$ | V    |      |     | 2000 | AEC-Q100-002 REV D                |
| Electrostatic discharge voltage (CDM-Charged Device Model) | $U_{ESD\ CDM}$ | V    |      |     | 500  | AEC-Q100-0011 REV B               |
| Maximum output current                                     | $I_{out}$      | mA   |      |     | 70   |                                   |
| Maximum output voltage                                     | $V_{out}$      | V    |      |     | 10   |                                   |
| Secondary Reverse voltage                                  | $U_{SR}$       | V    | -0.3 |     |      |                                   |
| Maximum junction temperature                               | $T_J$          | °C   |      |     | 165  |                                   |

**Insulation coordination**

| Parameter  | Symbol      | Unit | Min | Typ | Max  | Conditions                          |
|--|-------------|------|-----|-----|------|-------------------------------------|
| Example application                                  | $U_d$       | V    |     |     | 300  | CAT II PD2 according to IEC 60664-1 |
| Rms voltage for AC insulation test, 50/60 Hz, 1 min) | $U_d$       | V    |     |     | 2100 | according to IEC 60664-1            |
| Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50 $\mu$ s             | $\hat{U}_W$ | V    |     |     | 3600 | according to IEC 60664-1            |
| Clearance (pri. - sec.)                              | $d_{Cl}$    | mm   |     | 4   |      |                                     |
| Creepage distance (pri. - sec.)                      | $d_{Cp}$    | mm   |     | 4   |      |                                     |

**Environmental and mechanical characteristics**

| Parameter  | Symbol | Unit       | Min | Typ | Max | Conditions |
|--|--------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------------|
| Ambient operating temperature                    | $T_A$  | °C         | -40 |     | 125 |            |
| Ambient storage temperature                      | $T_S$  | °C         | -55 |     | 165 |            |
| Resistance of the primary @ $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ | $R_P$  | m $\Omega$ |     | 0.8 |     |            |

**Self diagnostic**

| Parameter                       | Symbol           | Unit | Min  | Typ | Max  | Action   | Output  | Conditions  |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------|------|-----|------|----------|---|---|
| Start-up time                   | $t_{start}$      | ms   |      |     | 1    |          |   | $V_{out} = 100\%$ of FS<br>Pull-down resistor $\leq 100\text{ k}\Omega$ .<br>During the power-on delay the output will remain at 10 % fault band all the time |
| Undervoltage lockout            | $U_{UVLO}$       | V    | 3.15 | 3.3 | 3.45 | IC reset | max 5 % $U_C$ , Pull-down mode<br>min 95 % $U_C$ , Pull-up mode | $R_L \leq 25\text{ k}\Omega$ ,<br>$T \leq 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  |
| Undervoltage lockout hysteresis | $U_{UVLO\ HYST}$ | V    | 0.25 | 0.3 | 0.4  |          |   |   |
| Overvoltage lockout             | $U_{OVLO}$       | V    | 6.7  |     | 7.6  | IC reset | max 5 % $U_C$ , Pull-down mode<br>min 95 % $U_C$ , Pull-up mode | $R_L \leq 25\text{ k}\Omega$ ,<br>$T \leq 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$  |
| Overvoltage lockout hysteresis  | $U_{OVLO\ HYST}$ | V    | 0.05 | 0.1 | 0.7  |          |   |   |

**Electrical data GHS 10-SME**

 At  $T_A = -40\text{ °C} \dots 125\text{ °C}$ ,  $U_C = +5\text{ V}$ ,  $R_L = 6\text{ k}\Omega$ .

| Parameter   | Symbol       | Unit                           | Min    | Typ | Max   | Conditions   |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|--------|-----|-------|--|
| Primary nominal rms current                       | $I_{PN}$     | A                              |        | 10  |       |  |
| Primary current, measuring range                  | $I_{PM}$     | A                              | -25    |     | 25    |  |
| Supply voltage <sup>1)</sup>                      | $U_C$        | V                              | 4.5    | 5   | 5.5   |  |
| Current consumption                               | $I_C$        | mA                             | 7      | 12  | 14    |  |
| Output voltage range                              | $V_{out}$    | % $U_C$                        | 10     |     | 90    | Pull down $\geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ,<br>pull up $\geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$                           |
| Maximum output current (driving capability)       | $I_{out}$    | mA                             | -2     |     | 2     | $V_{out}$ in range (3 % $U_C$ ,<br>97 % $U_C$ ),<br>$R_L$ in range (6 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$ ) |
| Output current limitation                         | $I_{SL}$     | mA                             | 35     |     | 180   | Output shorted to $\pm U_C$<br>permanent   |
| Output internal resistance                        | $R_{out}$    | $\Omega$                       |        | 1   | 5     | $V_{out} = 50\% U_C$ ,<br>$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$  |
| Step response time to 90 % of $I_{PN}$            | $t_r$        | $\mu\text{s}$                  |        | 5   | 6     |  |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB), $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ | $BW$         | kHz                            |        | 100 |       |  |
| Output voltage noise (spectral density) rms       | $e_{no}$     | $\mu\text{V}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |        | 25  |       |  |
| Capacity loading                                  | $C_L$        | nF                             |        | 10  |       | Stability of the output  |
| Load resistance                                   | $R_L$        | k $\Omega$                     | 6      |     | 100   |  |
| Sensitivity                                       | $G$          | mV/A                           |        | 80  |       |  |
| Offset voltage                                    | $V_O$        | V                              |        | 2.5 |       | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Electrical offset voltage                         | $V_{OE}$     | V                              | -0.005 |     | 0.005 | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{OE}$               | $TCV_{OE}$   | mV/K                           | -0.1   |     | 0.1   |  |
| Temperature coefficient of $G$                    | $TCG$        | ppm/K                          | -150   |     | 150   |  |
| Linearity error                                   | $\epsilon_L$ | %                              | -0.25  |     | 0.25  | @ $I_{PN}$   |
| Sensitivity error                                 | $\epsilon_G$ | %                              | -1     |     | 1     | Factory adjustment   |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ <sup>2)</sup>                 | $X$          | %                              | -1.25  |     | 1.25  | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A = 105\text{ °C}$       | $X$          | %                              | -3.5   |     | 3.5   |  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A = 125\text{ °C}$       | $X$          | %                              | -4     |     | 4     |  |

**Electrical data GHS 12-SME**

 At  $T_A = -40\text{ °C} \dots 125\text{ °C}$ ,  $U_C = +5\text{ V}$ ,  $R_L = 6\text{ k}\Omega$ .

| Parameter   | Symbol          | Unit                           | Min    | Typ  | Max   | Conditions   |
|---|-----------------|--------------------------------|--------|------|-------|--|
| Primary nominal rms current                       | $I_{PN}$        | A                              |        | 12   |       |  |
| Primary current, measuring range                  | $I_{PM}$        | A                              | -30    |      | 30    |  |
| Supply voltage <sup>1)</sup>                      | $U_C$           | V                              | 4.5    | 5    | 5.5   |  |
| Current consumption                               | $I_C$           | mA                             | 7      | 12   | 14    |  |
| Output voltage range                              | $V_{out}$       | % $U_C$                        | 10     |      | 90    | Pull down $\geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ,<br>pull up $\geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$                         |
| Maximum output current (driving capability)       | $I_{out}$       | mA                             | -2     |      | 2     | $V_{out}$ in range (3% $U_C$ ,<br>97% $U_C$ ),<br>$R_L$ in range (6 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$ ) |
| Output current limitation                         | $I_{SL}$        | mA                             | 35     |      | 180   | Output shorted to $\pm U_C$<br>permanent   |
| Output internal resistance                        | $R_{out}$       | $\Omega$                       |        | 1    | 5     | $V_{out} = 50\% U_C$ ,<br>$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$  |
| Step response time to 90 % of $I_{PN}$            | $t_r$           | $\mu\text{s}$                  |        | 5    | 6     |  |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB), $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ | $BW$            | kHz                            |        | 100  |       |  |
| Output voltage noise (spectral density) rms       | $e_{no}$        | $\mu\text{V}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |        | 20   |       |  |
| Capacity loading                                  | $C_L$           | nF                             |        | 10   |       | Stability of the output  |
| Load resistance                                   | $R_L$           | k $\Omega$                     | 6      |      | 100   |  |
| Sensitivity                                       | $G$             | mV/A                           |        | 66.7 |       |  |
| Offset voltage                                    | $V_O$           | V                              |        | 2.5  |       | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Electrical offset voltage                         | $V_{OE}$        | V                              | -0.005 |      | 0.005 | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{OE}$               | $TCV_{OE}$      | mV/K                           | -0.1   |      | 0.1   |  |
| Temperature coefficient of $G$                    | $TCG$           | ppm/K                          | -150   |      | 150   |  |
| Linearity error                                   | $\varepsilon_L$ | %                              | -0.25  |      | 0.25  | @ $I_{PN}$   |
| Sensitivity error                                 | $\varepsilon_G$ | %                              | -1     |      | 1     | Factory adjustment   |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ <sup>2)</sup>                 | $X$             | %                              | -1.25  |      | 1.25  | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A = 105\text{ °C}$       | $X$             | %                              | -3.5   |      | 3.5   |  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A = 125\text{ °C}$       | $X$             | %                              | -4     |      | 4     |  |

**Electrical data GHS 16-SME**

 At  $T_A = -40\text{ °C} \dots 125\text{ °C}$ ,  $U_C = +5\text{ V}$ ,  $R_L = 6\text{ k}\Omega$ .

| Parameter   | Symbol       | Unit                           | Min    | Typ | Max   | Conditions   |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|--------|-----|-------|--|
| Primary nominal rms current                       | $I_{PN}$     | A                              |        | 16  |       |  |
| Primary current, measuring range                  | $I_{PM}$     | A                              | -40    |     | 40    |  |
| Supply voltage <sup>1)</sup>                      | $U_C$        | V                              | 4.5    | 5   | 5.5   |  |
| Current consumption                               | $I_C$        | mA                             | 7      | 12  | 14    |  |
| Output voltage range                              | $V_{out}$    | % $U_C$                        | 10     |     | 90    | Pull down $\geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ,<br>pull up $\geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$                           |
| Maximum output current (driving capability)       | $I_{out}$    | mA                             | -2     |     | 2     | $V_{out}$ in range (3 % $U_C$ ,<br>97 % $U_C$ ),<br>$R_L$ in range (6 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$ ) |
| Output current limitation                         | $I_{SL}$     | mA                             | 35     |     | 180   | Output shorted to $\pm U_C$<br>permanent   |
| Output internal resistance                        | $R_{out}$    | $\Omega$                       |        | 1   | 5     | $V_{out} = 50\% U_C$ ,<br>$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$  |
| Step response time to 90 % of $I_{PN}$            | $t_r$        | $\mu\text{s}$                  |        | 5   | 6     |  |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB), $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ | $BW$         | kHz                            |        | 100 |       |  |
| Output voltage noise (spectral density) rms       | $e_{no}$     | $\mu\text{V}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |        | 16  |       |  |
| Capacity loading                                  | $C_L$        | nF                             |        | 10  |       | Stability of the output  |
| Load resistance                                   | $R_L$        | k $\Omega$                     | 6      |     | 100   |  |
| Sensitivity                                       | $G$          | mV/A                           |        | 50  |       |  |
| Offset voltage                                    | $V_O$        | V                              |        | 2.5 |       | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Electrical offset voltage                         | $V_{OE}$     | V                              | -0.005 |     | 0.005 | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{OE}$               | $TCV_{OE}$   | mV/K                           | -0.1   |     | 0.1   |  |
| Temperature coefficient of $G$                    | $TCG$        | ppm/K                          | -150   |     | 150   |  |
| Linearity error                                   | $\epsilon_L$ | %                              | -0.25  |     | 0.25  | @ $I_{PN}$   |
| Sensitivity error                                 | $\epsilon_G$ | %                              | -1     |     | 1     | Factory adjustment   |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ <sup>2)</sup>                 | $X$          | %                              | -1.25  |     | 1.25  | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A = 105\text{ °C}$       | $X$          | %                              | -3.5   |     | 3.5   |  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A = 125\text{ °C}$       | $X$          | %                              | -4     |     | 4     |  |

**Electrical data GHS 20-SME**

 At  $T_A = -40\text{ °C} \dots 125\text{ °C}$ ,  $U_C = +5\text{ V}$ ,  $R_L = 6\text{ k}\Omega$ .

| Parameter   | Symbol       | Unit                           | Min    | Typ | Max   | Conditions   |
|---|--------------|--------------------------------|--------|-----|-------|--|
| Primary nominal rms current                       | $I_{PN}$     | A                              |        | 20  |       |  |
| Primary current, measuring range                  | $I_{PM}$     | A                              | -50    |     | 50    |  |
| Supply voltage <sup>1)</sup>                      | $U_C$        | V                              | 4.5    | 5   | 5.5   |  |
| Current consumption                               | $I_C$        | mA                             | 7      | 12  | 14    |  |
| Output voltage range                              | $V_{out}$    | % $U_C$                        | 10     |     | 90    | Pull down $\geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ,<br>pull up $\geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$                         |
| Maximum output current<br>(driving capability)    | $I_{out}$    | mA                             | -2     |     | 2     | $V_{out}$ in range (3% $U_C$ ,<br>97% $U_C$ ),<br>$R_L$ in range (6 k $\Omega$ , 10 k $\Omega$ ) |
| Output current limitation                         | $I_{SL}$     | mA                             | 35     |     | 180   | Output shorted to $\pm U_C$<br>permanent   |
| Output internal resistance                        | $R_{out}$    | $\Omega$                       |        | 1   | 5     | $V_{out} = 50\% U_C$ ,<br>$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$  |
| Step response time to 90 % of $I_{PN}$            | $t_r$        | $\mu\text{s}$                  |        | 5   | 6     |  |
| Frequency bandwidth (-3 dB), $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$ | $BW$         | kHz                            |        | 100 |       |  |
| Output voltage noise (spectral density)<br>rms    | $e_{no}$     | $\mu\text{V}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |        | 12  |       |  |
| Capacity loading                                  | $C_L$        | nF                             |        | 10  |       | Stability of the output  |
| Load resistance                                   | $R_L$        | k $\Omega$                     | 6      |     | 100   |  |
| Sensitivity                                       | $G$          | mV/A                           |        | 40  |       |  |
| Offset voltage                                    | $V_O$        | V                              |        | 2.5 |       | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Electrical offset voltage                         | $V_{OE}$     | V                              | -0.005 |     | 0.005 | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Temperature coefficient of $V_{OE}$               | $TCV_{OE}$   | mV/K                           | -0.1   |     | 0.1   |  |
| Temperature coefficient of $G$                    | $TCG$        | ppm/K                          | -150   |     | 150   |  |
| Linearity error                                   | $\epsilon_L$ | %                              | -0.25  |     | 0.25  | @ $I_{PN}$   |
| Sensitivity error                                 | $\epsilon_G$ | %                              | -1     |     | 1     | Factory adjustment   |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ <sup>2)</sup>                 | $X$          | %                              | -1.25  |     | 1.25  | $T_A = 25\text{ °C}$   |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A = 105\text{ °C}$       | $X$          | %                              | -3.5   |     | 3.5   |  |
| Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ @ $T_A = 125\text{ °C}$       | $X$          | %                              | -4     |     | 4     |  |

**Ratiometric mode**

At  $U_C \pm 10\%$

| Parameter                    | Symbol           | Unit | Specification |         |     | Conditions       |
|------------------------------|------------------|------|---------------|---------|-----|------------------|
|                              |                  |      | Min           | Typical | Max |                  |
| Ratiometry error Offset      | $\epsilon_r V_o$ | %    | -0.4          |         | 0.4 | $V_o = 50\% U_C$ |
| Ratiometry error Sensitivity | $\epsilon_r G$   | %    | -0.4          |         | 0.4 |                  |

**Notes:** 1) The output voltage  $V_{OUT}$  is fully ratiometric. The offset and sensitivity are dependent on the supply voltage  $U_C$  relative to the following formula:

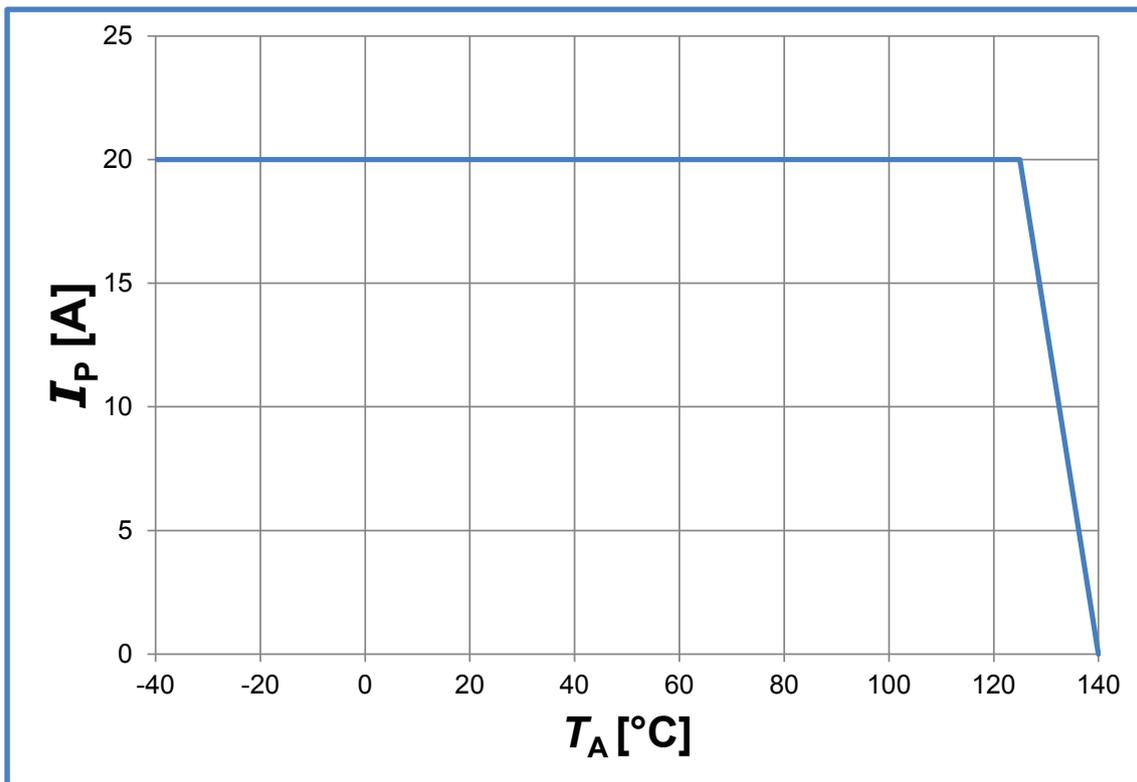
$$I_P = \left( \frac{5}{U_C} \times V_{out} - V_o \right) \times \frac{1}{G} \text{ with } G \text{ in (V/A)}$$

2) Accuracy  $X$  at a given temperature ( $T_A > 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ):

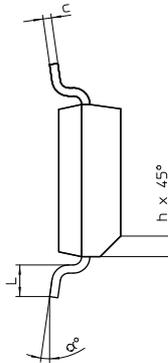
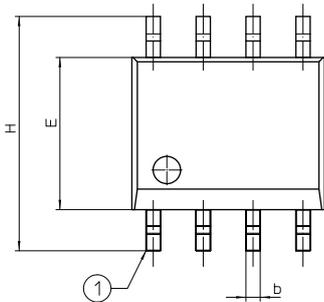
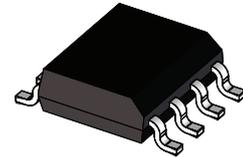
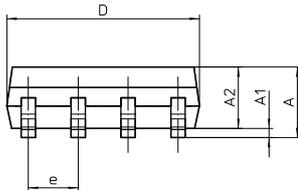
$$X_{TA} = (\epsilon_L + \epsilon_G) + \frac{TCV_{OE}}{I_{PN} \times G} + TCG \times 10^6 \times (T_A - 25) \times 100$$

**GHS-SMS series, maximum continuous DC current**

For all ranges



Dimensions GHS-SME series (in mm)



SOIC 8 Dimensions in mm

|       | min      | nom  | max  |
|-------|----------|------|------|
| A     | 1.55     | 1.63 | 1.73 |
| A1    | 0.1      | 0.15 | 0.25 |
| A2    | 1.45     | 1.48 | 1.48 |
| D     | 4.8      | 4.9  | 4.98 |
| E     | 3.81     | 3.94 | 3.99 |
| H     | 5.84     | 5.99 | 6.19 |
| L     | 0.41     | 0.64 | 0.89 |
| b     | 0.36     | 0.41 | 0.46 |
| c     | 0.19     | 0.2  | 0.25 |
| e     | TYP 1.27 |      |      |
| h     | TYP 0.33 |      |      |
| alpha | 0°       |      | 8°   |

Connection

