

# High Voltage Thyristor \ Diode Module

$$V_{RRM} = 2 \times 2200 \text{ V}$$

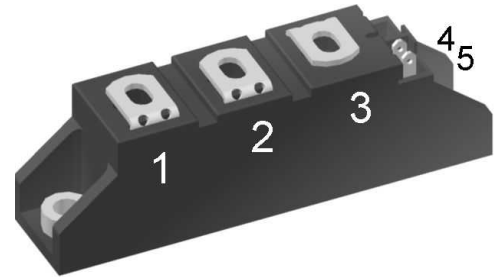
$$I_{TAV} = 120 \text{ A}$$

$$V_T = 1.34 \text{ V}$$

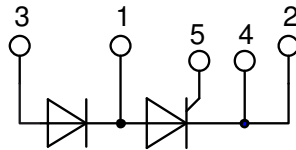
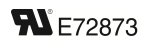
Phase leg

Part number

**MCNA120PD2200TB**



Backside: isolated



### Features / Advantages:

- Thyristor for line frequency
- Planar passivated chip
- Long-term stability
- Direct Copper Bonded Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-ceramic

### Applications:

- Line rectifying 50/60 Hz
- Softstart AC motor control
- DC Motor control
- Power converter
- AC power control
- Lighting and temperature control

### Package: TO-240AA

- Isolation Voltage: 4800 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Soldering pins for PCB mounting
- Base plate: DCB ceramic
- Reduced weight
- Advanced power cycling

### Terms .Conditions of usage:

The data contained in this product data sheet is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. The user will have to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product data with respect to his application. The specifications of our components may not be considered as an assurance of component characteristics. The information in the valid application- and assembly notes must be considered. Should you require product information in excess of the data given in this product data sheet or which concerns the specific application of your product, please contact the sales office, which is responsible for you.

Due to technical requirements our product may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact the sales office, which is responsible for you.

Should you intend to use the product in aviation, in health or live endangering or life support applications, please notify. For any such application we urgently recommend

- to perform joint risk and quality assessments;

- the conclusion of quality agreements;

- to establish joint measures of an ongoing product survey, and that we may make delivery dependent on the realization of any such measures.

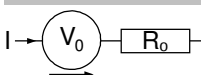
Rectifier			Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$V_{RSM/DSM}$	max. non-repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			2300	V
$V_{RRM/DRM}$	max. repetitive reverse/forward blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$			2200	V
$I_{RD}$	reverse current, drain current	$V_{R/D} = 2200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		100	$\mu A$
		$V_{R/D} = 2200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		10	mA
$V_T$	forward voltage drop	$I_T = 120\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.36	V
		$I_T = 240\text{ A}$			1.69	V
		$I_T = 120\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		1.34	V
		$I_T = 240\text{ A}$			1.78	V
$I_{TAV}$	average forward current	$T_C = 85^{\circ}C$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		120	A
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS forward current	180° sine			190	A
$V_{T0}$	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		0.90	V
$r_T$	slope resistance				3.7	m $\Omega$
$R_{thJC}$	thermal resistance junction to case				0.22	K/W
$R_{thCH}$	thermal resistance case to heatsink			0.20		K/W
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$		520	W
$I_{TSM}$	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		2.20	kA
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		2.38	kA
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		1.87	kA
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		2.02	kA
$I^2t$	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}C$		24.2	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		23.5	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		17.5	kA <sup>2</sup> s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$		17.0	kA <sup>2</sup> s
$C_J$	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		83	pF
$P_{GM}$	max. gate power dissipation	$t_p = 30\text{ }\mu s$	$T_C = 140^{\circ}C$		10	W
		$t_p = 300\text{ }\mu s$			5	W
$P_{GAV}$	average gate power dissipation				0.5	W
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of current	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C; f = 50\text{ Hz}$ repetitive, $I_T = 360\text{ A}$			150	A/ $\mu s$
		$t_p = 200\text{ }\mu s; di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu s;$ $I_G = 0.45\text{ A}; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ non-repet., $I_T = 120\text{ A}$			500	A/ $\mu s$
$(dv/dt)_{cr}$	critical rate of rise of voltage	$V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $R_{GK} = \infty; \text{ method 1 (linear voltage rise)}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		1000	V/ $\mu s$
$V_{GT}$	gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		1.5	V
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		1.6	V
$I_{GT}$	gate trigger current	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		100	mA
			$T_{VJ} = -40^{\circ}C$		200	mA
$V_{GD}$	gate non-trigger voltage	$V_D = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 140^{\circ}C$		0.25	V
$I_{GD}$	gate non-trigger current				10	mA
$I_L$	latching current	$t_p = 10\text{ }\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		200	mA
		$I_G = 0.45\text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu s$				
$I_H$	holding current	$V_D = 6\text{ V}$ $R_{GK} = \infty$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		150	mA
$t_{gd}$	gate controlled delay time	$V_D = \frac{1}{2} V_{DRM}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}C$		2	$\mu s$
		$I_G = 0.45\text{ A}; di_G/dt = 0.45\text{ A}/\mu s$				
$t_q$	turn-off time	$V_R = 100\text{ V}; I_T = 120\text{ A}; V = \frac{2}{3} V_{DRM}$ $di/dt = 10\text{ A}/\mu s$ $dv/dt = 20\text{ V}/\mu s$ $t_p = 200\text{ }\mu s$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}C$		185	$\mu s$

Package TO-240AA				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	
$I_{RMS}$	RMS current	per terminal			200	A	
$T_{VJ}$	virtual junction temperature		-40		140	°C	
$T_{op}$	operation temperature		-40		125	°C	
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-40		125	°C	
<b>Weight</b>					81	g	
$M_D$	mounting torque		2.5		4	Nm	
$M_T$	terminal torque		2.5		4	Nm	
$d_{Spp/App}$	creepage distance on surface   striking distance through air	terminal to terminal	13.0	9.7		mm	
$d_{Spb/Apb}$		terminal to backside	16.0	16.0		mm	
$V_{ISOL}$	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA		4800	V	
		t = 1 minute			4000	V	


**Part description**

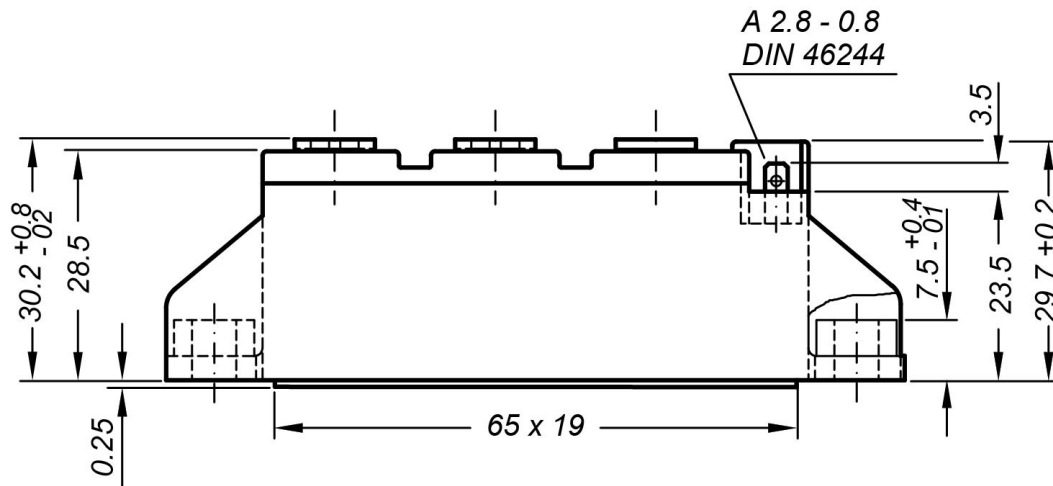
- M = Module
- C = Thyristor (SCR)
- N = High Voltage Thyristor
- A = ( $\geq 2000V$ )
- 120 = Current Rating [A]
- PD = Phase leg
- 2200 = Reverse Voltage [V]
- TB = TO-240AA-1B

Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	MCNA120PD2200TB	MCNA120PD2200TB	Box	6	515083

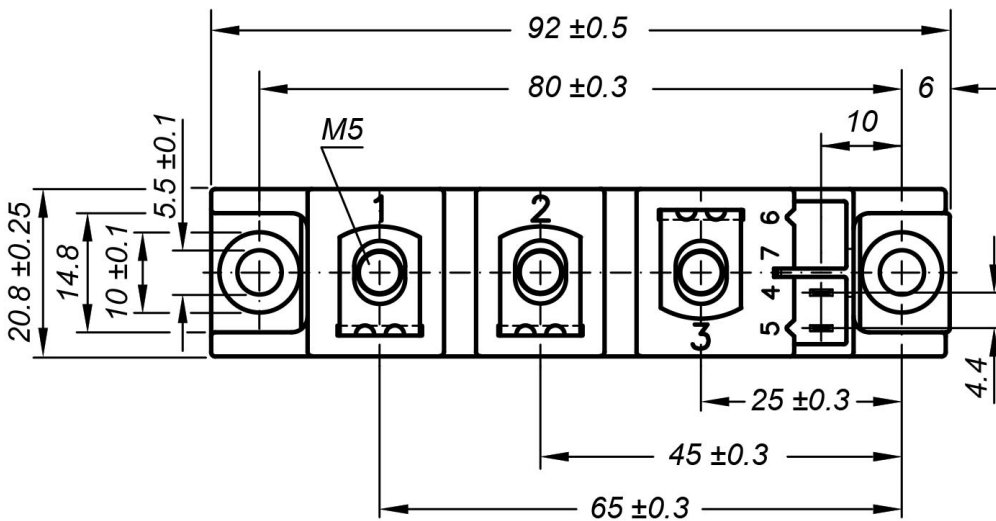
**Equivalent Circuits for Simulation**
*\* on die level*
 $T_{VJ} = 140^\circ C$ 

**Thyristor**

$V_{0\ max}$	threshold voltage	0.9	V
$R_{0\ max}$	slope resistance *	2.5	mΩ

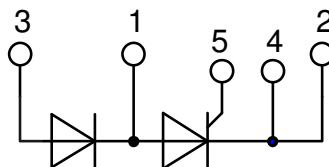
**Outlines TO-240AA**



General tolerance: DIN ISO 2768 class „c“



Optional accessories: Keyed gate/cathode twin plugs  
 Wire length: 350 mm, gate = white, cathode = red  
 UL 758, style 3751  
 Type **ZY 200L** (L = Left for pin pair 4/5)



## Thyristor

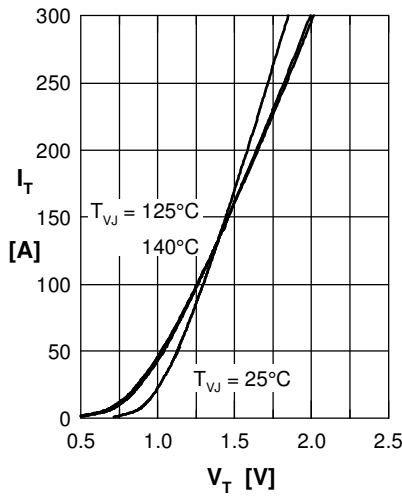


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

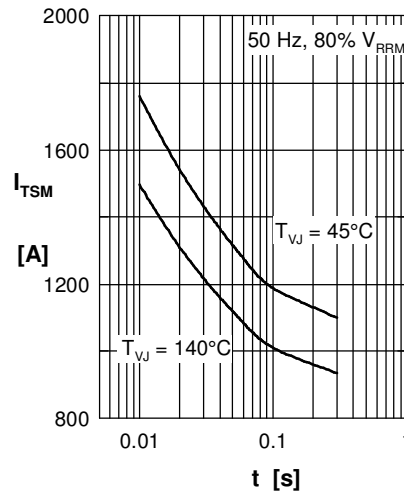


Fig. 2 Surge overload current  
 $I_{TSM}$ : crest value,  $t$ : duration

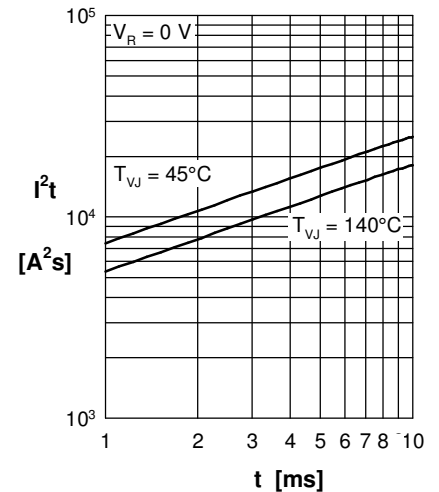


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 s)

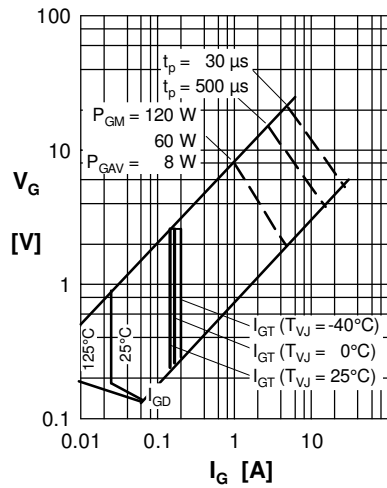


Fig. 4 Gate voltage & gate current

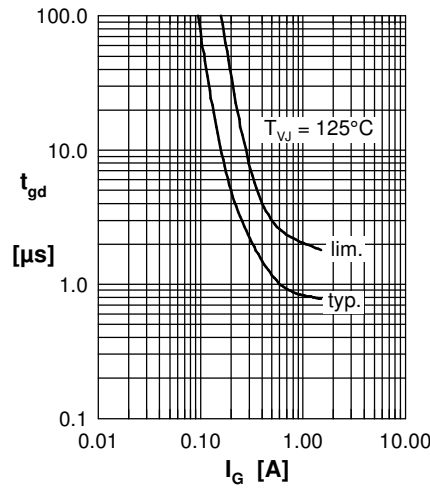


Fig. 5 Gate controlled delay time  $t_{gd}$

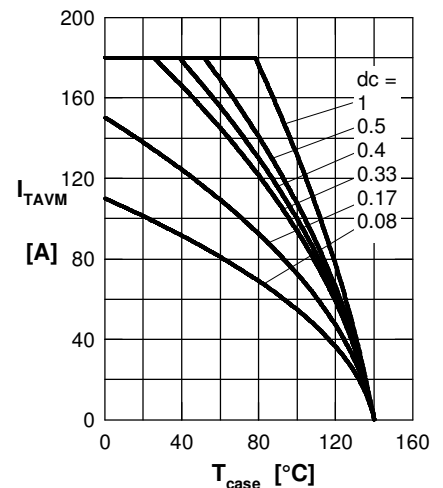


Fig. 6 Max. forward current at case temperature

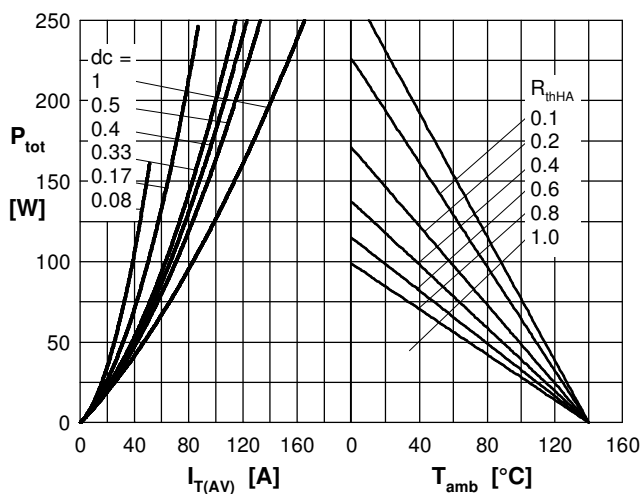


Fig. 7a Power dissipation versus direct output current  
 Fig. 7b and ambient temperature

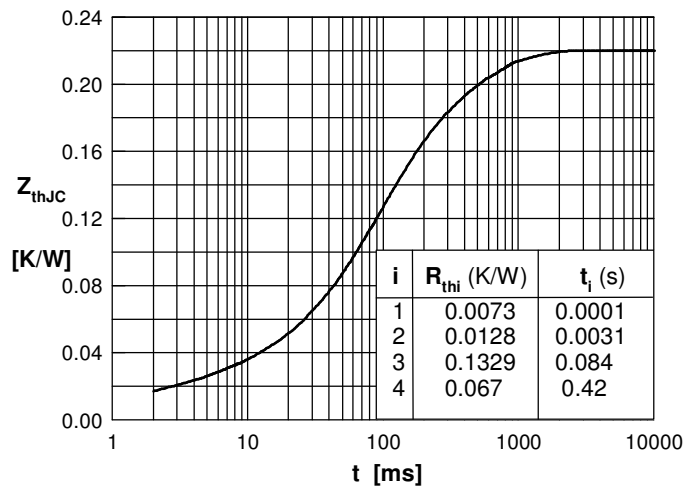


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance junction to case